NDU Math Competition for High School students 2019

Notre Dame University, Lebanon

Department of Mathematics and Statistics

You have 12 Questions

March 18, 2019



Solve for *x* the equation

$$\left|3-2|x|\right|=x+1$$



Calculate the following limit

$$\lim_{x\to\infty}\sqrt{x^2+x+1}-x$$



The line y = -3x + 20 is tangent to the graph of y = f(x) at the point where x = 8. Find

$$\lim_{x\to 8}\frac{f(x)+4}{\sqrt[3]{x}-2}$$



If
$$134^m = 8$$
 and $67^n = 8$, find $\frac{1}{m} - \frac{1}{n}$.

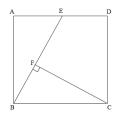


Let f be a decreasing function defined on $(0, +\infty)$. Find all values of a in \mathbb{R} that satisfy

$$f(2a^2 + a + 1) < f(3a^2 - 4a + 1).$$



ABCD is a square such that AB = 2. E is the midpoint of [AD]. Find the area of CDEF.



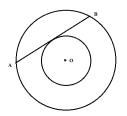


Simplify

$$-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{1-\cos(4x)}\cos(x)+\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right)\left(\sin(x)\tan^2(x)\left(1+\cos(2x)\right)\right)$$
 for $\frac{\pi}{4} < x < \frac{\pi}{2}$.



We have two concentric circles of radii 6 and 10 respectively. Find the length of the chord AB.





Let $f:[a,b] \to \mathbb{R}$ be a differentiable function. Assume that there exists a C>0 and some $\alpha>0$, such that f satisfies

$$|f(x)-f(y)|\leq C|x-y|^{\alpha+1},$$

for all $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$. Prove that f is constant.





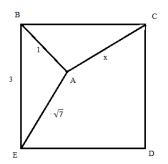
Show that

$$f(x) = x^3 + 2x + k$$

has exactly one real root, regardless of the value of $k \in \mathbb{R}$.



Let A be a point in the square BCDE. Calculate x.







Let

$$\begin{cases} u_1 = 1 \\ u_{n+1} = 3u_n^2, & \text{for } n \ge 1. \end{cases}$$

Find $\lim_{n\to\infty} u_n$ if it exists, or prove that (u_n) is divergent.



